

# METERING INVESTMENT OPTIONS REQUIRES BALANCE

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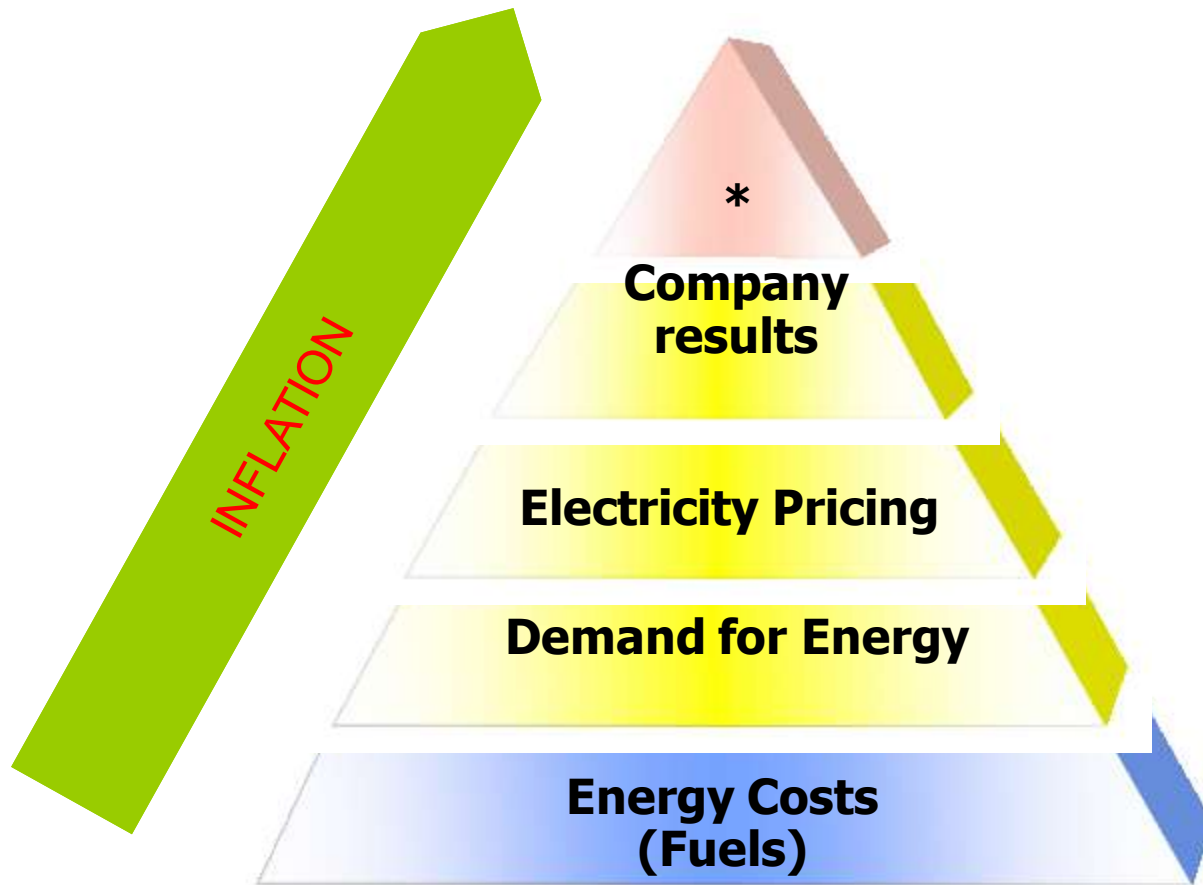
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# RESIDENTIAL METERING INVESTMENT

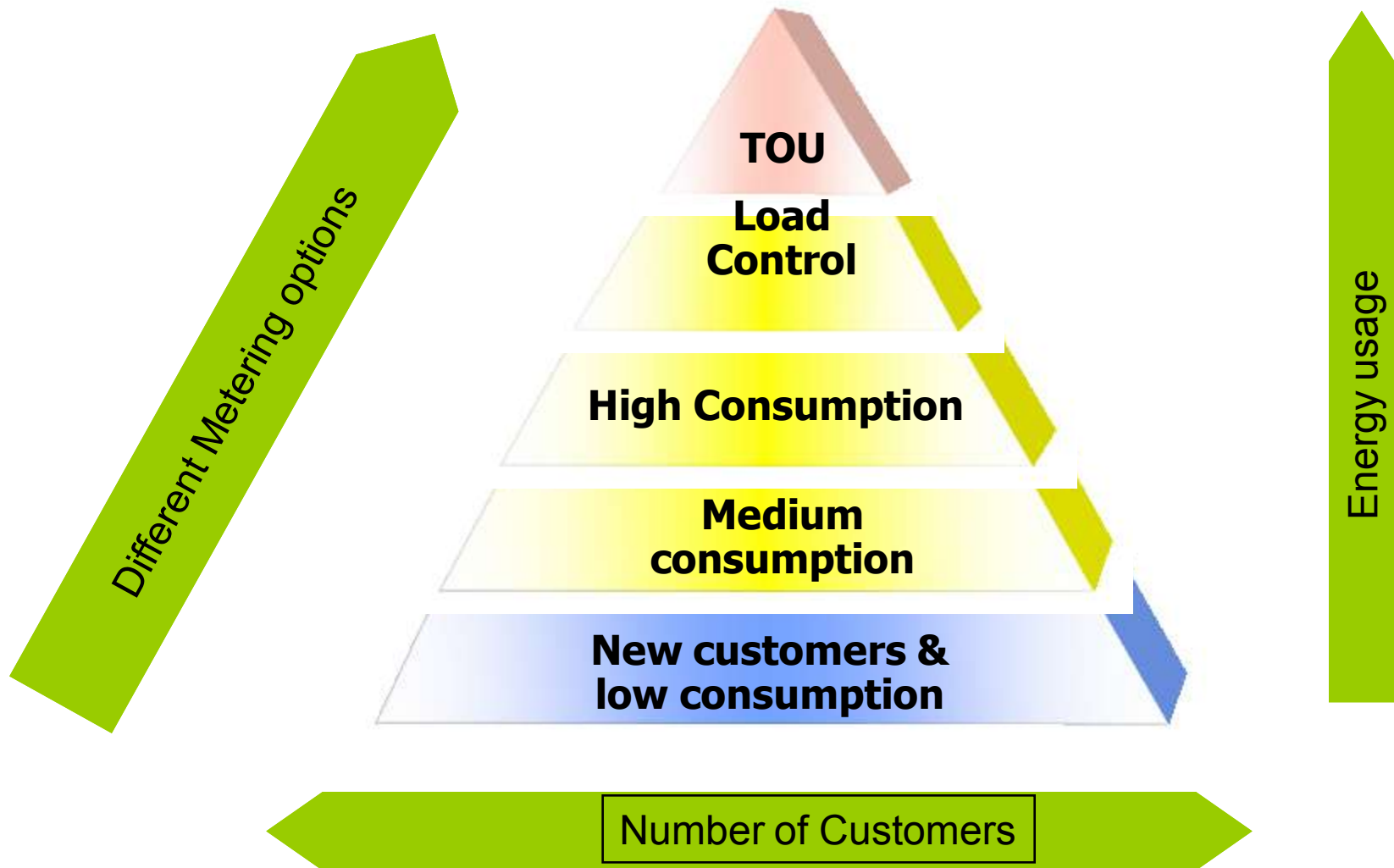
Many utilities will invest millions and millions in various residential metering technologies over time, the questions that should be addressed is;

- **Identify the problem**
  - None payment
  - Non technical losses
  - Late payments
  - Cost of disconnection and reconnection
  - Requirement for Time Of Use (TOU)
  - Requirement for Demand Side Management (DSM)
  - Legislation change
  - Etc.
- **Investment questions**
  - What is the pay back period and is this sustainable?
  - OPEN STANDARDS!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
  - How will the solution solve the problem?
  - Implementation period?
  - Utility Resources?
  - Will TOU solve the problem, can the customer change load patterns?
  - DSM, what load can shed?

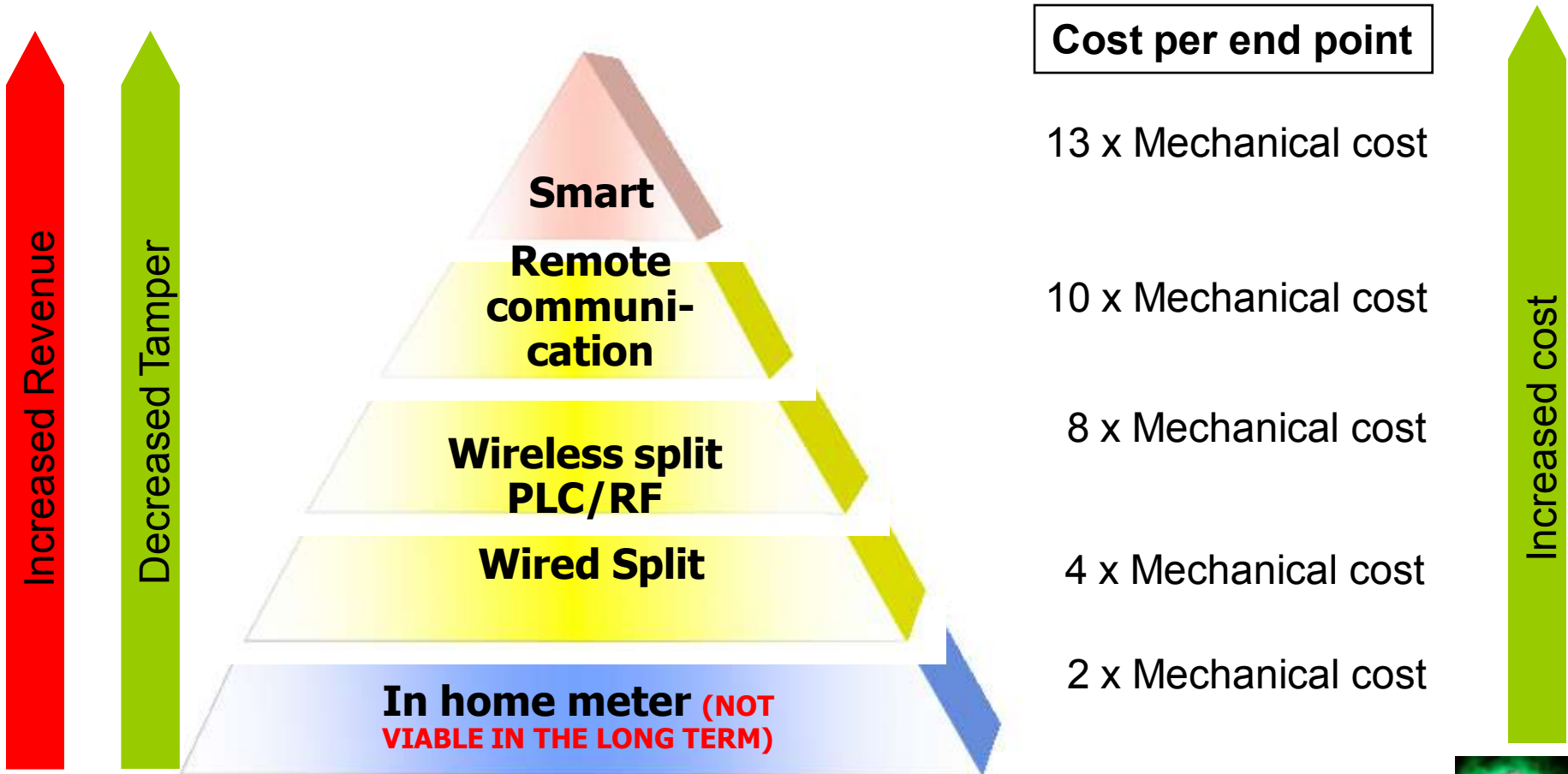
# INCREASED DEMAND ON DELIVERY



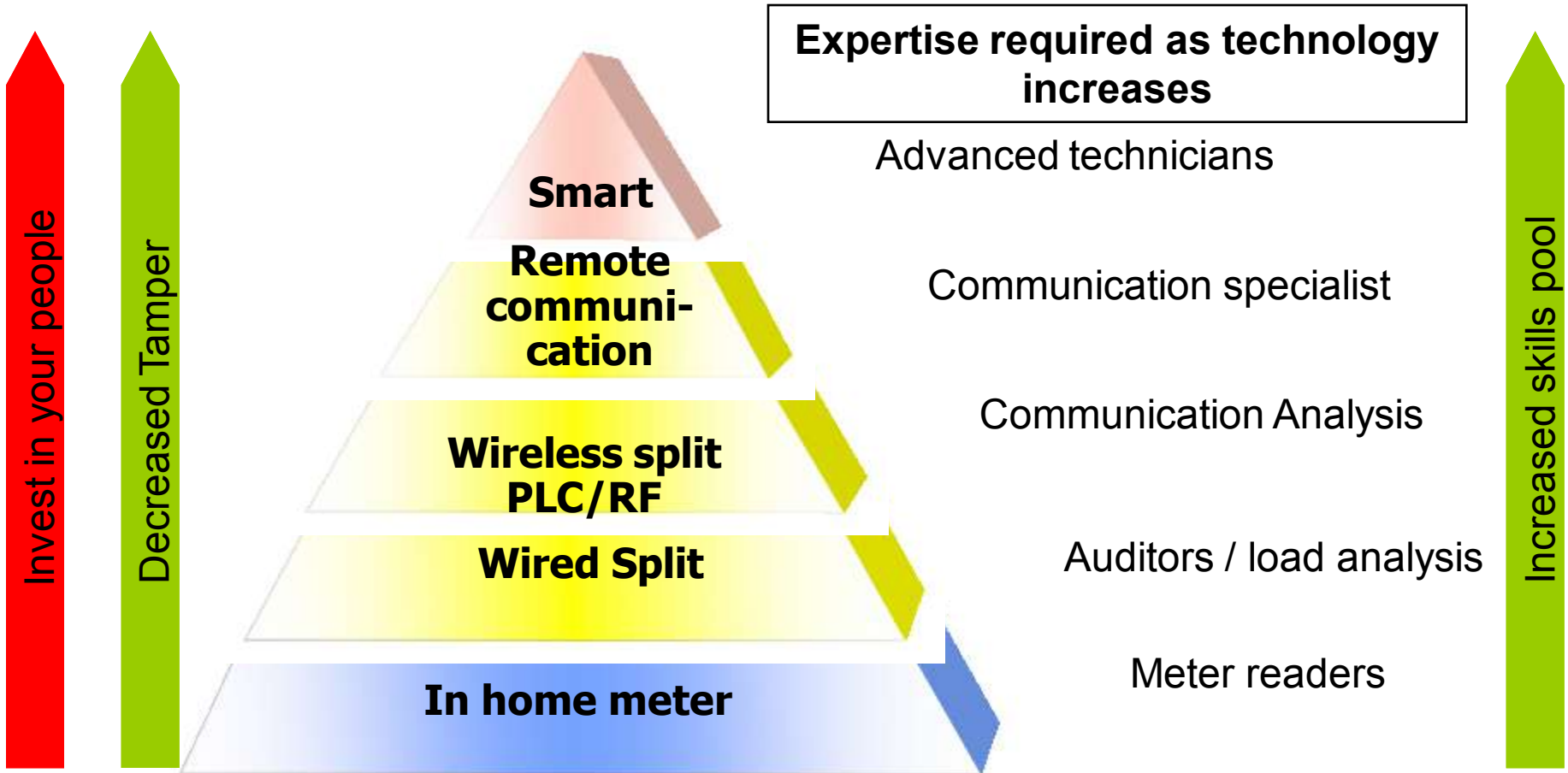
# Residential Customer Base



# Various investment options

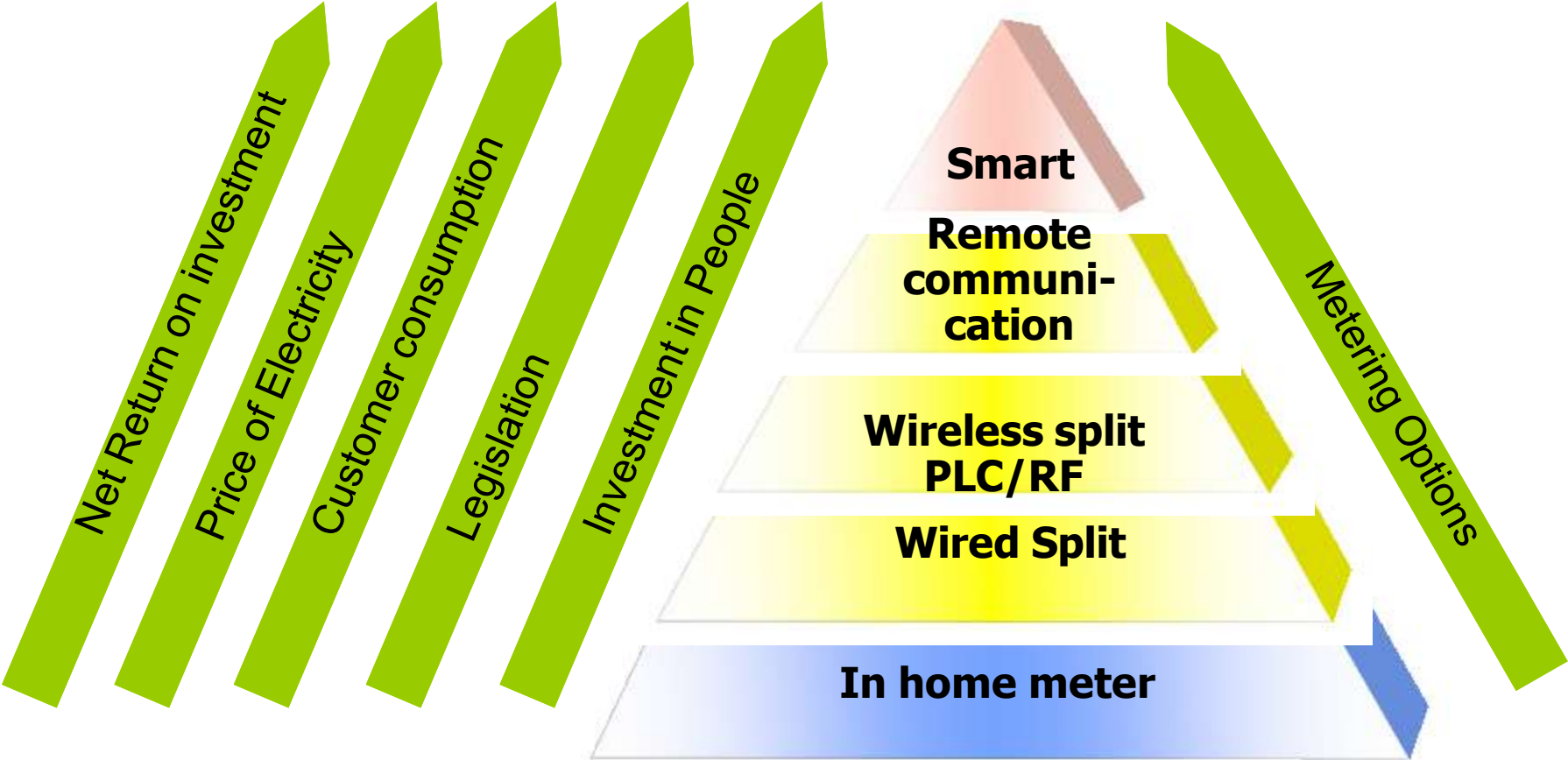


# Human Resources



# BALANCE INVESTMENT VERSE RETURN

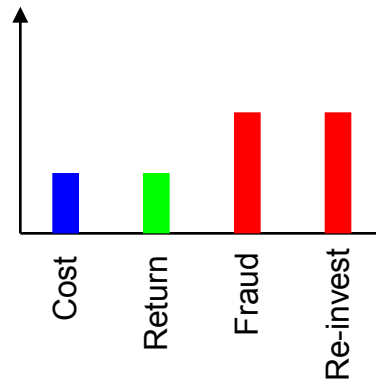
Consider the following



**STAND ALONE METERING**



# Investing in the In-Home Meter



- Low investment
- Low Return
- High Fraud
- Re-invested
- Low Complexity



In-home BS meter



In-home common base meter

## Background Mature prepayment problem site

- Initiative originated from research into the high number of transformer failures.
- The root cause of the failures was attributed to the theft of electricity, meter bypassing contributed significantly to the overloading problem.
- Findings revealed that bypassing of meters constituted near 60% and illegal connections 5%.

# Examples of tampered meters



## Site upgraded to Split metering

- Theft was as high as **60%** dropped to near **5%** on implementation of the split metering technology.
- Theft on ABC can be easily identified & eradicated.
- Theft has moved from behind closed doors, thus exposing perpetrators.
- Split metering technology proposed for all future installations.

# Prepayment meters installed in the Home

- Do not change the processes adopted for simple credit metering
- Continue to read meters on a monthly bases, input these readings into the prepayment or billing system
- Meter readers to be trained as auditors
- Statistical meters should be installed

This will assist in reducing losses with low investment!

# Simple Example given, Why change to Split

- Assume 1000 customers using an average of R100 per month.

	Usual Prepaid	Split metering
Prospective Return	R100 000	R100 000
Revenue Loss due to theft	R60 000	R5 000
Actual Return	R40 000	R95 000
Cost of the meter	R 250	R 400
Pay back will be less than three months		

**Split Metering offers a substantial return vs. in-home meters.**

**More than R55 000 return per month. (verse the losses in the area)**

# SPLIT METERING

# Various Split options

## Single Phase Split Meters

## Customers based on consumption

High income  
 Large consumption  
 High security area  
 Fast installation  
 PLC/RF \_ No Comms wire  
 Optional AMR

### Metering Solutions



PLC

### Metering problems

Meter readings  
 No Trust  
 Fraud  
 Difficult installations  
 Multi level buildings  
 Tampering  
 Theft  
 Late Payments  
 Cost of disconnect  
 Non Payment  
 High Debt  
 Access to meters

Meter replacement  
 Wired comms  
 BS Foot print  
 With Customer interface



Meter replacements

Medium  
 Power Consumption

New & Mass  
 Installations  
 Wired Comms  
 Din Rail  
 Optional AMR



DIN Rail

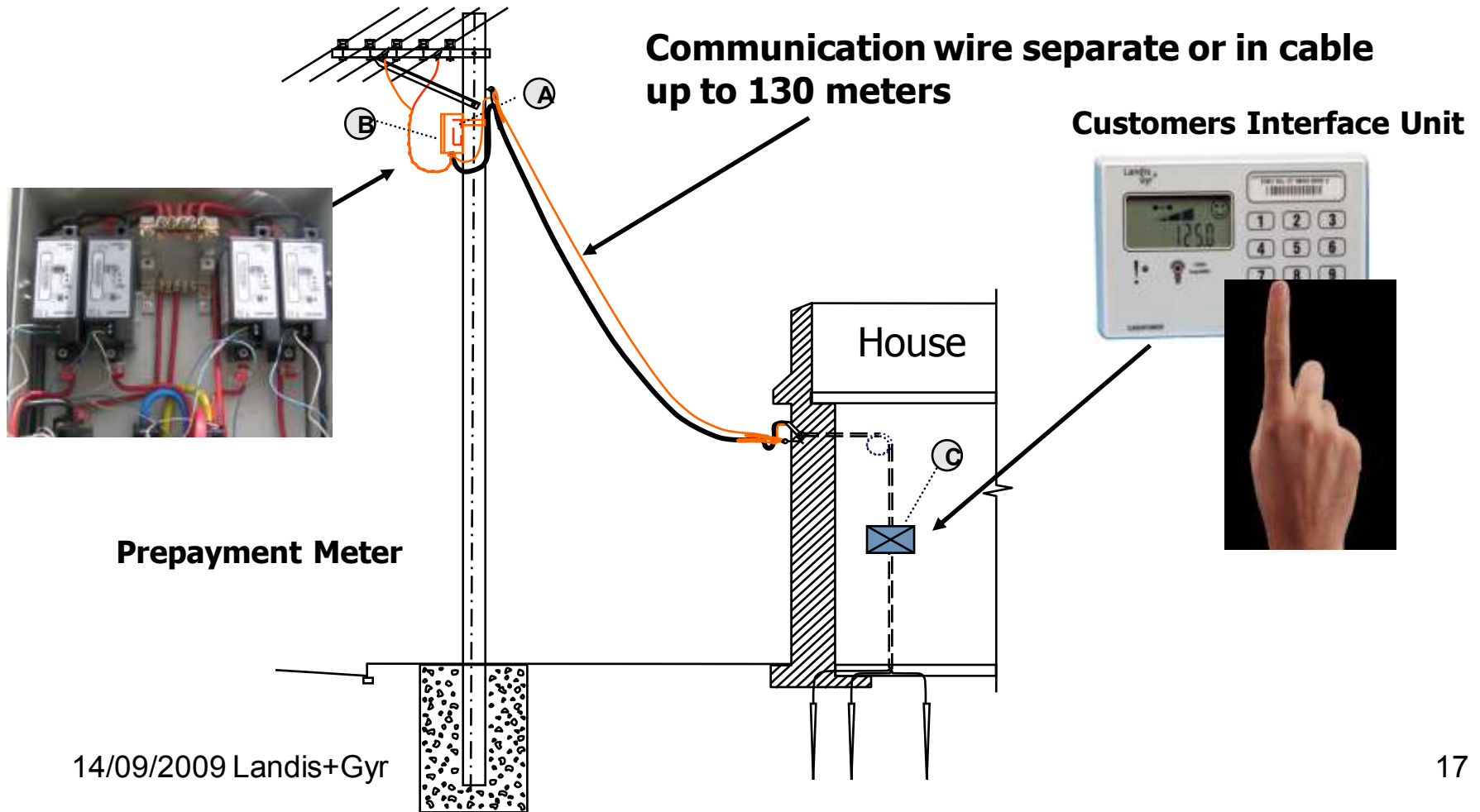
Low Power Consumption

Volume

INCREASED CASH FLOW

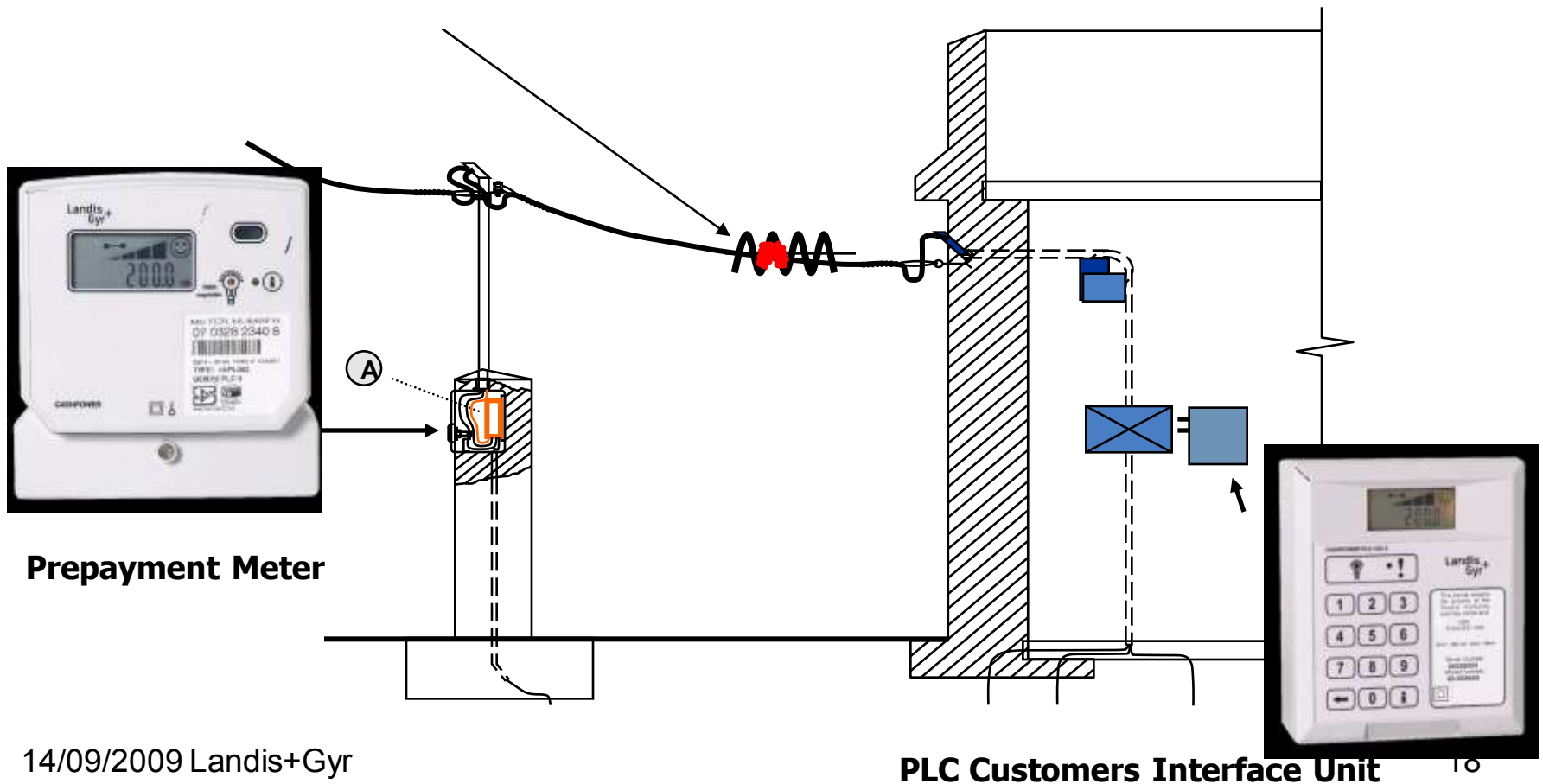


# Split Meter (wired) Typical Installation

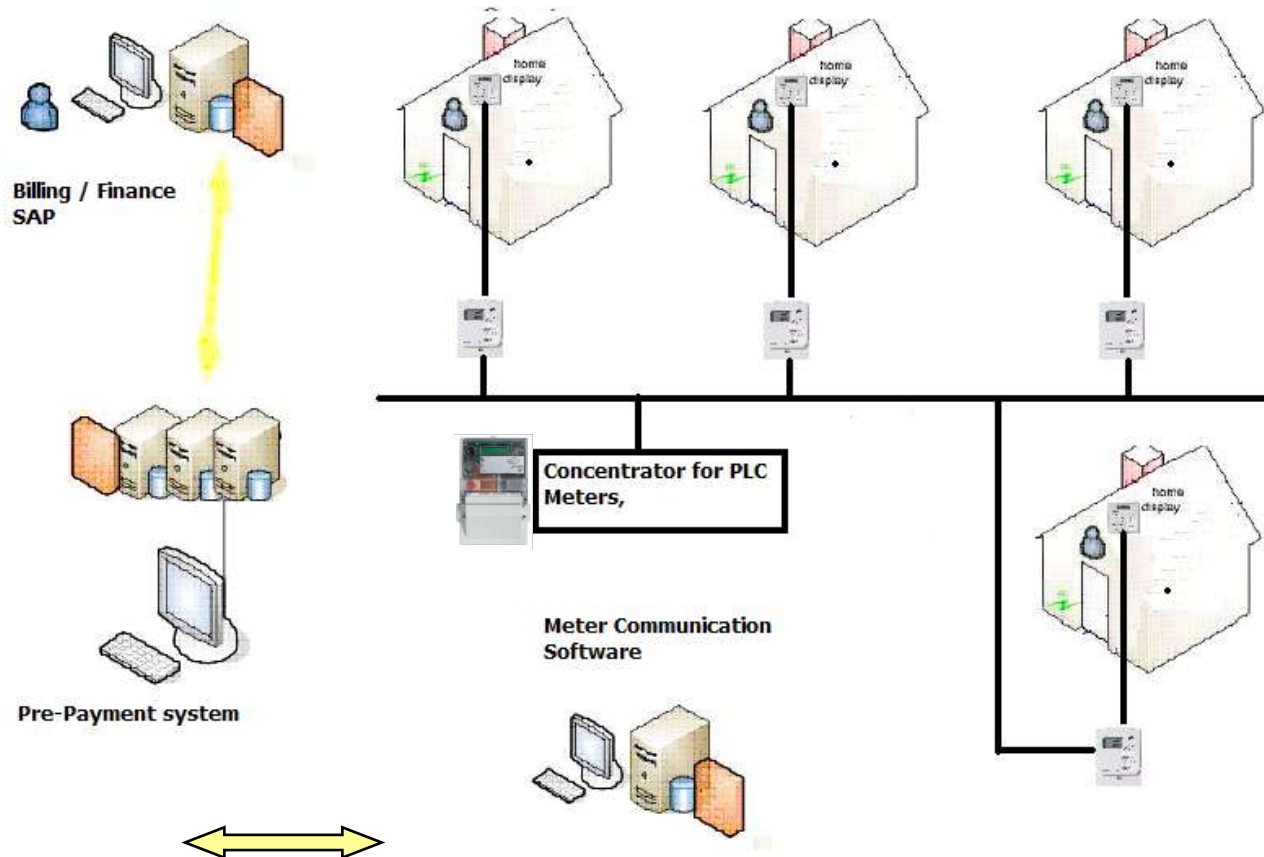


# Typical Installation: PLC Split Meter

No Communication wires required



# PREPAYMENT MOVING TO SMART e.g. PREPAYMENT PLC



# SMART METERING

# Trends in Smart meters

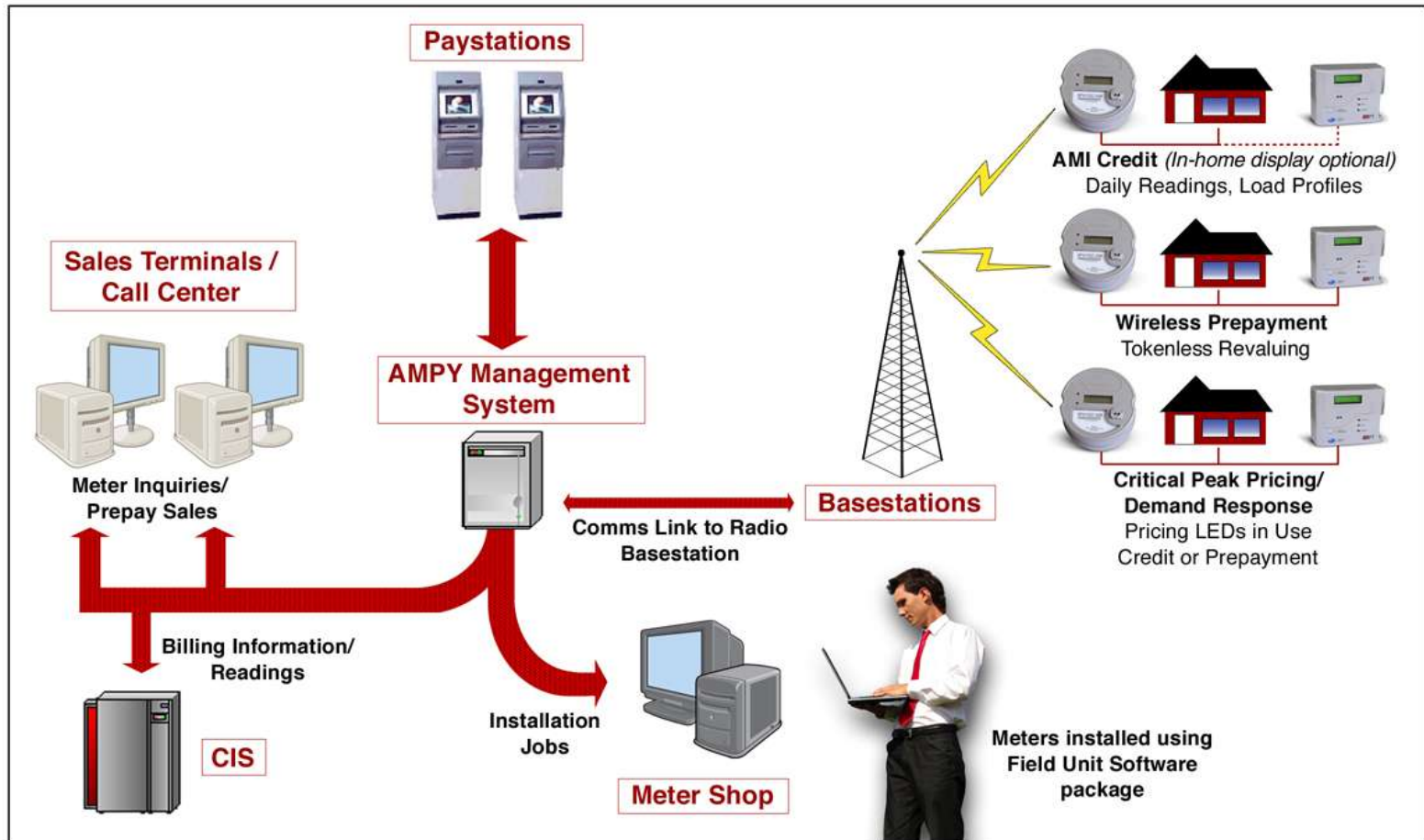
<b>Required AMI Functionality for residential smart meters</b>
Metering Unit (Not in any particular order)
• TOU
• Load Profile (30 Minute data)
• Prepayment (option)
• DSM (40 Amp load to be switched) based on time switch
• Real time DSM switching (40 Amp load to be switched)
• remote meter programming
• Remote disconnect (cater for essential electricity users)
• Remote connect
• Multi Energy (Water and Gas)
• Quality of supply

# Trends in Last Mile Communication

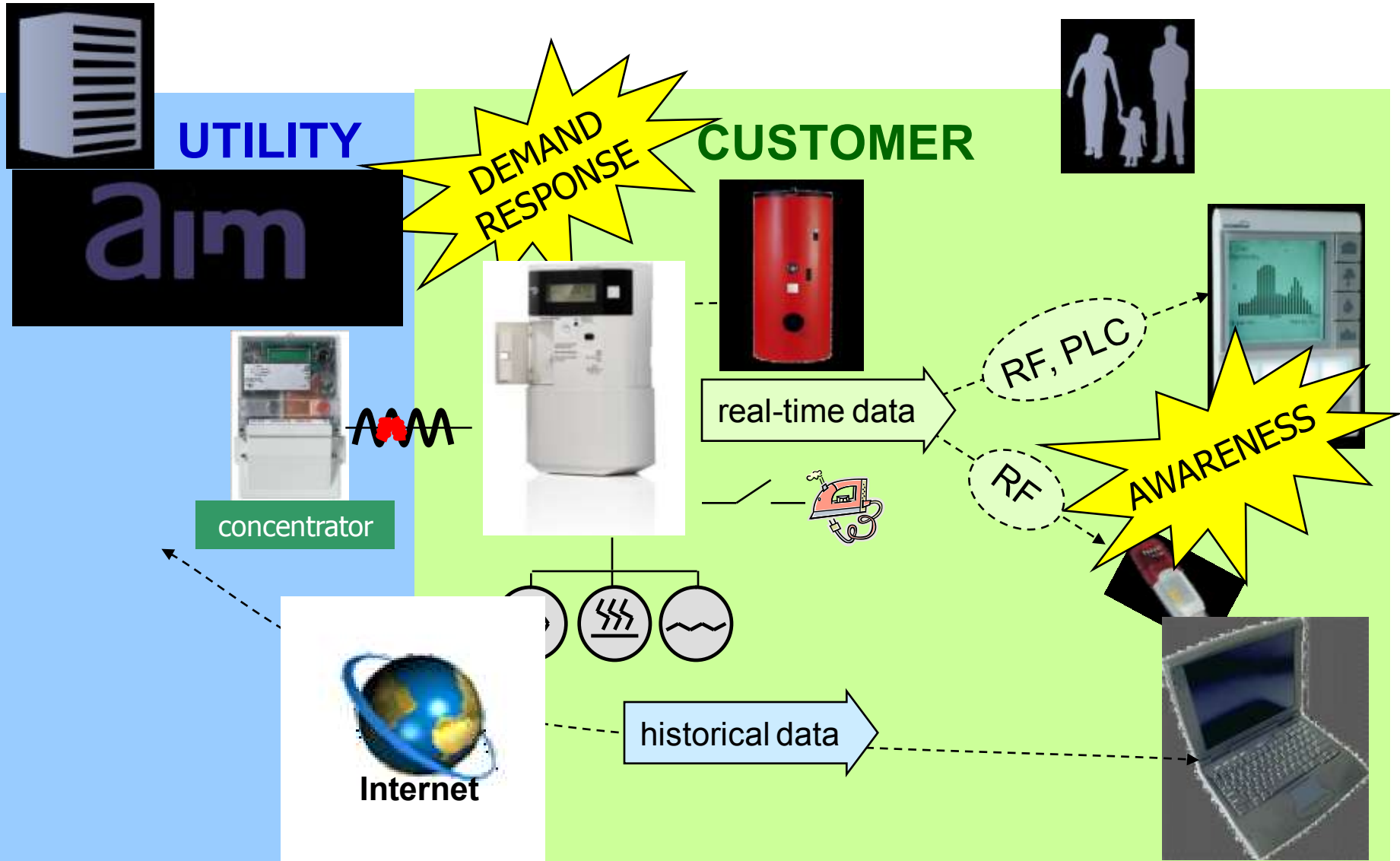
<b>Communication and other requests</b>
• GPRS (Australia no GPRS after 2012)
• SMS
• PLC
• DLC
• Broad Band PLC
• Drive By meter reading (Open Frequencies)
• Wire less Ethernet
• Radio
• Radio Mesh (Euro frequency Band)

# Smart Radio Solutions

Be very aware of the frequency allocation in your country  
Most radio systems in Africa will only work on line of site

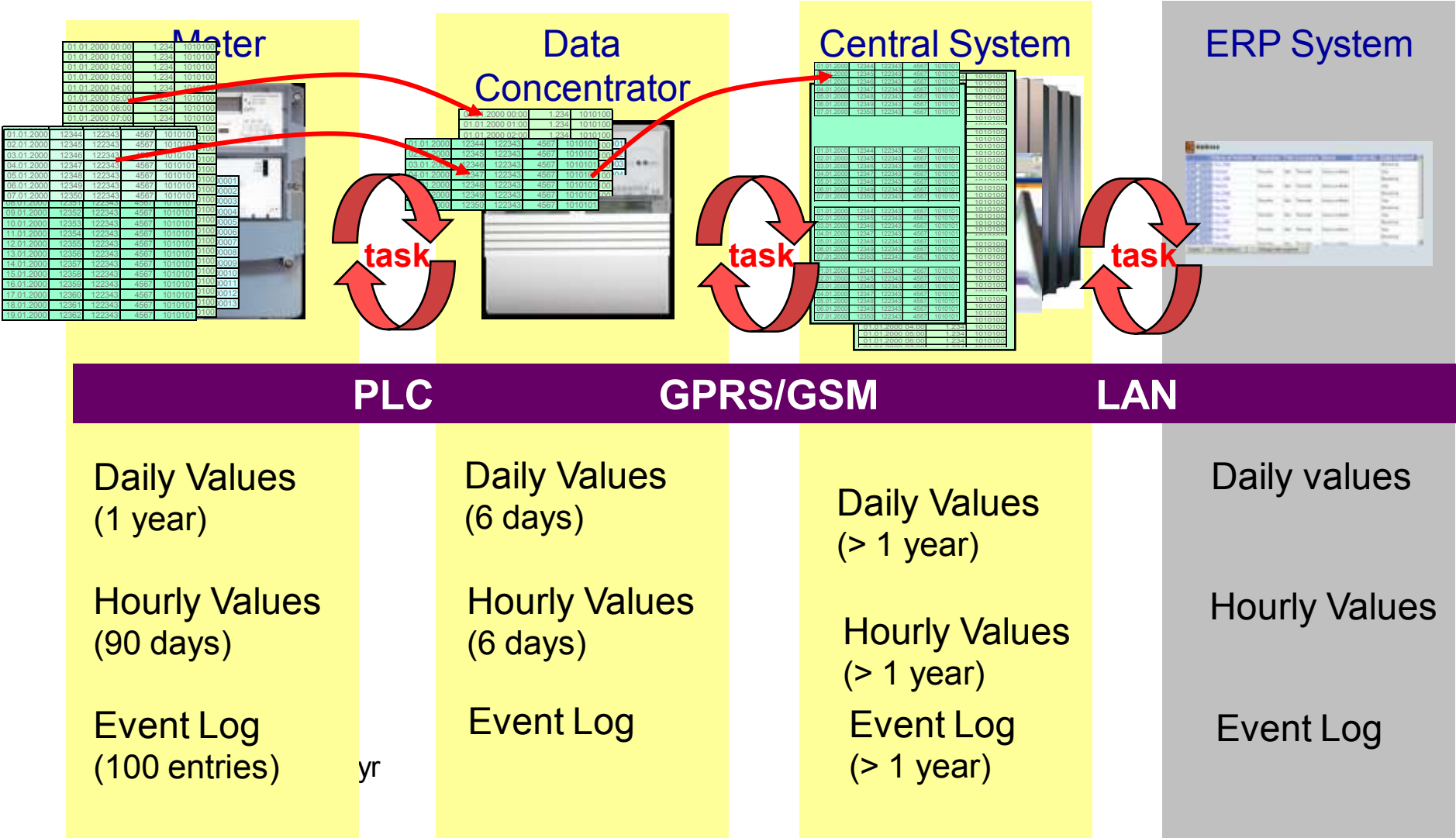


# Smart Meter Solution Overview





# Maximum End to End Reliability: Redundant Data



# CONCLUSION BALANCE THE INVESTMENT WITH RETURN

